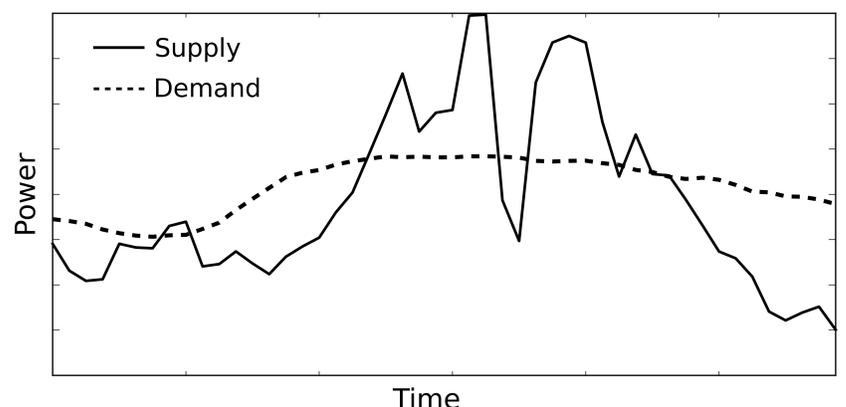


# Optimal Control of Distributed Demand Response and Storage

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Renewables generate power when it is available, not necessarily when we need it. With the right control strategy we can use demand response and storage to ensure that supply and demand remain balanced.

Battery technology is getting cheaper every year and new smart appliances and home automation systems are coming onto the market. These technologies are for the first time giving consumers the ability to control how and when they consume electricity.



An unsolved problem is how to coordinate the demand response activities of numerous households in order to most efficiently operate the network. What may be locally optimal for one participant could be detrimental for the rest of the network, so we need to establish a way for all participants to cooperate.

By using real-time locational marginal prices we can ensure that the network remains in a safe operating state while providing the lowest cost power overall. We use a distributed algorithm to ensure that we preserve the privacy of customers and that our solution will scale to very large systems.

